

A collaborative peer review process in grading coding assignments for HPC

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Developing sustainable scientific software:



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New student assistant / PhD student

At KIT, we teach a class on Numerical Linear Algebra in HPC. Topics are:

- Matrix formats, linear solvers, preconditioning techniques, ...
- Performance analysis
- Parallelization with OMP / CUDA / MPI

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Let's include a realistic workflow in coding assignments!

Goals

- Keep a high standard of teaching different aspects of HPC:
 - Learning about different kinds of algorithms (solvers, preconditioners etc.)
 - Learning about different programming models (OMP, CUDA, HIP, MPI, ...)
 - Give the opportunity to work with different platforms (NVIDIA, AMD, Intel, ...)
- In teaching, include realistic workflow for:
 - Writing sustainable software
 - Maintaining code
 - Generating reproducible results
- Flatten learning curve for new student assistants / PhD students
- Enable them to quickly make strong contributions

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General setting:

- One git repository for homework assignments
- Each assignment in a separate directory
 - One identical subdirectory for each student
 - Students work on private fork in their specific directory



Private student 1 repo

Private student 2 repo

Submitting a finished homework assignment:

- Requirements:
 - Our CI system can compile the code
 - All provided unit tests pass
- On a given date, every student opens a merge request to the master repo



Private student 1 repo

Private student 2 repo



A valid submissione will result in a passing pipeline:



The pipeline builds:

- the homework code
- the ginkgo open source library to compare results against

The pipeline runs on our group's CI system.



- For each kernel, unit tests are run for real and complex, single and double precision input.
- We use gtest for unit testing

```
] Dense/0.ComputesCorrectAxpy
    1: [ RUN
              OK ] Dense/0.ComputesCorrectAxpy (0 ms)
986 1: [
987 1: [-----] 2 tests from Dense/0 (0 ms total)
988 1:
989 1: [-----] 2 tests from Dense/1, where TypeParam = double
                 ] Dense/1.ComputesCorrectDot
990 1: [ RUN
991 1: [
              OK ] Dense/1.ComputesCorrectDot (1 ms)
                 ] Dense/1.ComputesCorrectAxpy
992 1: [ RUN
              OK ] Dense/1.ComputesCorrectAxpy (0 ms)
993 1: [
994 1: [-----] 2 tests from Dense/1 (1 ms total)
995 1:
996 1: [------] 2 tests from Dense/2, where TypeParam = std::complex<float>
                 ] Dense/2.ComputesCorrectDot
997 1: [ RUN
              OK ] Dense/2.ComputesCorrectDot (0 ms)
998 1: [
999 1: [ RUN
                 ] Dense/2.ComputesCorrectAxpy
               OK ] Dense/2.ComputesCorrectAxpy (0 ms)
L000 1: [
1001 1: [-----] 2 tests from Dense/2 (0 ms total)
1002 1:
1003 1: [------] 2 tests from Dense/3, where TypeParam = std::complex<double>
1004 1: [ RUN
                 ] Dense/3.ComputesCorrectDot
1005 1: [
               OK ] Dense/3.ComputesCorrectDot (0 ms)
                  ] Dense/3.ComputesCorrectAxpy
1006 1: [ RUN
               OK ] Dense/3.ComputesCorrectAxpy (0 ms)
1007 1: [
1008 1: [-----] 2 tests from Dense/3 (0 ms total)
1009 1:
1010 1: [-----] Global test environment tear-down
L011 1: [========] 8 tests from 4 test cases ran. (1 ms total)
1012 1: [ PASSED ] 8 tests.
1013 1/1 Test #1: hw0/uxxxx0/tests/hw0 ..... Passed
                                                              0.02 sec
1014 100% tests passed, 0 tests failed out of 1
1015 Total Test time (real) = 0.02 sec
1017 Cleaning up file based variables
019 Job succeeded
```

Review process:

- Every week, each student reviews the merge request of one other student
- Reviewing criteria could be:
 - Readability
 - Performance
 - Pointing to possibly missed edge cases
 - ...
- Conventional comments as general reviewing guideline (https://conventionalcomments.org/)



Final submission:

- After having the chance to enhance their code with respect to the review
- On a fixed date, all merge requests will be merged
- The merged code will be the final submission which in the end will be graded



Grading

- 10 points in total:
 - 5 points for technical report / analysis
 - 4 points for code
 - 2 points for working code
 - 1.5 points for code quality and performance
 - 0.5 points for employing suggested changes
 - 1 point for helpful / respectful code review

Challenges

- We usually have around 5 students, definitely less than 10 how could we make this approach scalable for more attendees?
- Suggestions for realistic time frames for reviewing / adjusting submission according to code review?
- Suggestions on managing the overhead of the code review process and creating robust frameworks for students to work on?